ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM AUDIT REPORT PRESENTATION JUNE 30, 2022

- Independent Auditor's Report our opinion is unmodified (frequently referred to as a clean opinion), which indicates the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.
- Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Contol Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and
 Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with GAAS

14-15 Government - Wide Financial Statements (GASB 34) -

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Net Position, Beginning of Year	\$ 11,878,952	\$ 10,607,869	\$ 10,253,921
Change in Net Position	1,540,640	1,271,083	353,948
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 13,419,592	\$ 11,878,952	\$ 10,607,869

16 <u>Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds</u>

				<u>Ch</u>	<u>iange (2022 </u>
Cash Balances	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>		<u>vs 2021)</u>
General Fund	\$ 4,975,226	\$ 5,105,865	\$ 2,752,508	\$	(130,639)
CMC Grant Fund	42,683	19,754	24,313		22,929
Capital Projects Fund	1,416,930	1,662,667	1,802,604		(245,737)
Non-Major Funds	3,776	5,328	93		(1,552)

Note: The Area and Per Capita operating grant had been paid in full as of 6/30/22. There is no receivable related to this grant in the current year.

18 <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance</u>

	2022	2021	2020		ange (2022 vs 2021)
General Fund	2022	2021	2020	•	<u> </u>
Receipts	\$ 3,731,410	\$ 3,690,676	\$ 3,747,575	\$	40,734
Disbursements	(3,563,492)	(3,240,354)	(2,922,245)		(323,138)
Gain on Disposal of F/A	4,811				
Transfer Out	(292,935)	(300,000)	(884,627)		7,065
Net Change In					
Fund Balance	\$ (120,206)	\$ 150,322	\$ (59,297)	\$	(275,339)

<u>Audit</u>
Report
<u>Page</u>
Reference

eference						
						ange (2022
18	CMC Grant Fund	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	_	<u>vs 2021)</u>
	Receipts	\$ 405,932	\$ 387,798	\$ 366,749	\$	18,134
	Disbursements	(412,819)	(388,108)	(369,493)		(24,711)
	Transfer In	 22,304				22,304
	Net Change In					
	Fund Balance	\$ 15,417	\$ (310)	\$ (2,744)	\$	(6,577)
18	Capital Projects Fund					
	Receipts	\$ 4,432	\$ 30,842	\$ 22,074	\$	(26,410)
	Disbursements	(250,169)	(170,779)	(211,640)		(79,390)
	Gain on Disposal of F/A	7,065				
	Transfer In(Out)	(7,065)		585,427		(7,065)
	Net Change In					
	Fund Balance	\$ (245,737)	\$ (139,937)	\$ 395,861	\$	(112,865)
18	Non-Major Funds					
	Receipts	\$ 149,513	\$ 158,645	\$ 178,504	\$	(9,132)
	Disbursements	(153,122)	(155,034)	(185,041)		1,912
	Net Change In			, , ,		
	Fund Balance	\$ (3,609)	\$ 3,611	\$ (6,537)	\$	(7,220)
	Changes in Fund Balances					
18	Major Funds Fund Balances:					
	General Fund	\$ 5,039,260	\$ 5,159,466	\$ 5,009,144	\$	(120,206)
	CMC Grant	26,203	10,786	11,096		15,417
	Capital Projects Fund	1,416,930	1,662,667	1,802,604		(245,737)
	Total	\$ 6,482,393	\$ 6,832,919	\$ 6,822,844	\$	(350,526)
18	Other Governmental Funds					
10	Fund Balance:					
	OCLC Grant	\$ (641)	\$ 2,968	\$ (643)	\$	(3,609)
	Total	\$ (641)	\$ 2,968	\$ (643)	\$	(3,609)
		<u> </u>				

<u>Audit</u>
Report
<u>Page</u>
Reference

21 <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund</u>

				Ch	ange (2022
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>		<u>vs 2021)</u>
SHARE					
Operating Revenues	\$ 2,262,393	\$ 2,102,874	\$ 1,530,374	\$	159,519
Operating Expenses	(1,912,563)	(1,782,340)	(1,672,598)		(130,223)
Other	2,847	1,022	13,482		1,825
Transfers In	277,696	300,000	300,000		
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 630,373	\$ 621,556	\$ 171,258	\$	31,121

44-46 <u>Budget vs Actual - Major Funds</u>

	Budgeted	Actual	Favorable		
	Revenues	Revenues	(Unfavorable)		
General Fund	\$ 3,700,906	\$ 3,731,410	\$ 30,504		
CMC Grant Fund	405,697	405,932	235		
Capital Projects Fund	2,164	4,432	2,268		

	Budgeted	Actual	Favorable
	Expenses	Expenses	(Unfavorable)
General Fund	\$ 3,931,221	\$ 3,563,492	\$ 367,729
CMC Grant Fund	405,697	412,819	(7,122)
Capital Projects Fund	297,000	250,169	46,831

Note 1. P. New Accounting Pronouncements

Note 5. Capital Assets

Note 6. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

38-42 <u>Note 13. Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022



ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>PAGE</u>
INDEPI	ENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-3
OVI OTH	ENDENT AUDITOR'S REPROT ON INTERNAL CONTROL ER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND HER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL TEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAAS	4-5
MANA	GEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	6-13
BASIC	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Exh	ibit	
<u>(</u>	Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Α	Statement of Net Position	14
В	Statement of Activities	15
Ī	Fund Financial Statements	
С	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
D	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	17
Е	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	18
F	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	
	to the Statement of Activities	19
G	Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	20
Н	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	21
I	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	22
J	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	23
K	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	24

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

		PAGE
NOTES	TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	25 - 43
REQUI	RED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Sche	<u>edule</u>	
1	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Major Governmental Funds	44 - 46
	Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	47
2	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	48
3	Schedule of Employer Contributions	49
	Notes to the Schedule of Employer Contributions	50
	EMENTARY INFORMATION	
Sche	edule	
Non	- Major Special Revenue Funds	
4	Combining Balance Sheet - Non Major Special Revenue Funds	51
5	Combining Income Statement - Non Major Special Revenue Funds	52
Indi	vidual Fund Financial Statements - Governmental Funds	
6	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	53
	Special Revenue Funds	
7	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - CMC Grant Fund	54
8	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - OCLC Grant Fund	55

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Sche	edule	PAGE
	Capital Project Fund	
9	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Fund	56
SCHED	ULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	57-58
SCHED	OULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	59
CORRE	ECTIVE ACTION PLAN	60-61

Illinois Heartland Library System's Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Illinois Heartland Library System for the fiscal year which ended June 30, 2022 (FY2022). The MD&A is designed to:

- Focus on significant financial issues;
- Provide an overview of the Illinois Heartland Library System's financial activities;
- Identify any material deviations from the financial plan (approved budget); and
- Identify issues and/or concerns for each individual Illinois Heartland Library System Fund.

Background

The Illinois Heartland Library System (IHLS) is a quasi-governmental agency of the State of Illinois established through a merger on July 1, 2011, of four regional library systems in central and southern Illinois (Lewis & Clark, Lincoln Trail, Rolling Prairie, and Shawnee). Each regional library system was dissolved effective June 30, 2011.

Library systems have been a part of the library landscape in Illinois for over five decades. Following the enacting legislation in 1965, there were 18 Illinois library systems. Prior to the July 2011 IHLS merger, nine multitype regional library systems were in Illinois with the remaining five merging in July 2011 as well, which established the Reaching Across Illinois Library System (RAILS). Library Systems are funded primarily by a grant (System Area & Per Capita) administered by the Illinois State Library (ISL), which is a division of the Illinois Secretary of State. In the founding legislation, the Library Systems Area & Per Capita Grant (23 ILAC 3035.100) formula is based on \$36.5451 per square mile and \$1.0513 per person. The demographic information from the 2010 Census is used to calculate the funding level and indicates a total population served of 2,248,634 and 28,368 square mile service area. In FY2015, IHLS received requested funding of \$3,364,429. However, in FY2016 and FY2017 due to Illinois budget impasse IHLS's funding level was reduced to 58% of FY2015 funding level - \$1,989,671. In FY2018 through FY2022, IHLS received funding for \$3,400,700.

Funds received from the System Area & Per Capita Grant (SAPG) are utilized by IHLS to provide services to member libraries and to pay for the basic administration operations of the organization. In FY2022, 521 libraries of various types participated as members of IHLS (30 academics, 227 publics, 235 school districts, and 29 special libraries). Membership totals fluctuate from year to year for several reasons – libraries are suspended for failure to meet membership qualifications, agencies such as school districts and academic libraries consolidate locations as a cost-savings measure, and new library agencies apply for and are approved as a member. The service area comprises 58 counties in central and southern Illinois. Services are focused on supporting resource sharing through library materials delivery, library automation services, and cataloging.

A legally established Board of Directors governs the operation of IHLS. The Board of Directors (consisting of fifteen board members) are elected from the member libraries. Eight members must be members of the governing board of public libraries. Additionally, seven board members must represent:

- An academic library (1 director)
- A public library (2 directors)
- A school library (3 directors)
- A special library (1 director)

As an organization, the Illinois Heartland Library System is guided by its mission statement and vision. The mission statement of IHLS is:

To support member libraries of all types in providing quality library services. IHLS facilitates access to shared resources, advocates for libraries, promotes innovation and develops community partnerships.

The vision of IHLS is:

Illinois Heartland Library System (IHLS) empowers libraries to embrace innovation and collaboration.

The Illinois Heartland Library System's basic financial statements contained in this report are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide Financial Statements,
- · Fund Financial Statements, and
- Notes to the Financial Statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of IHLS that are principally supported by grants and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The only core service provided with costs recovered through user fees is the Local Library System Automation Program (LLSAP) which is called Sharing Heartland's Available Resources Equally (SHARE). Information regarding the LLSAP is found under the Proprietary Fund – Computer Development Fund sections of the Audit Report.

The first two documents in the audit section titled, *Basic Financial Statements*, contain information that summarizes financial activity for all funds used to support IHLS's programs and projects. Page 14 contains the *Statement of Net Position* which presents information on all IHLS's assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2022. The *Statement of Activities*, found on page 15, reflects the change in Net Position and FY2022 Year End Net Position for all IHLS's programs and activities. All changes in the Net Position are reported in the fiscal year of occurrence, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. grant receivables and accounts payable).

Fund Financial Statements

Financial information for IHLS is reported by fund. Each fund is a separate accounting entity created to segregate specific activities and to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. IHLS has three types of funds – Governmental, Proprietary, and Fiduciary.

There were several governmental funds represented in the FY2022 IHLS financial reports and audit. The *General Fund* contains the financial information for the general administration and operation of IHLS, and the provision of core services (except for automation and bibliographic access).

A Capital Projects Fund was established to ensure there are dedicated funds to be used for the purchase and/or replacement of capital items and for major facilities' renovation and repair. The Capital Projects Fund may be utilized for operating capital on a loan basis when allocated State funding is delayed.

Special Revenue Funds are grants awarded by ISL for specific projects undertaken by IHLS. In FY2022, IHLS had two Special Revenue Funds – Cataloging Maintenance Center (CMC), and Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) Billing.

CMC is the more significant grant that provided funding to IHLS. The grant's purpose is to do original or copy cataloging of library materials, bibliographic database cleanup, training and assistance, and metadata consultation for all Illinois libraries and library consortia. IHLS has participated in this project since its inception.

The OCLC Grant is represented in the audited financial statements under "Non-Major Governmental Funds".

Proprietary Fund

IHLS has one Proprietary Fund referenced in these audited financial statements. Financial information presented in the Computer Development Fund is for the Local Library System Automation Program (LLSAP). IHLS internally refers to their Computer Development Fund as Sharing Heartland Available Resources Equally (SHARE). As of June 30, 2022, SHARE currently represents 338 agencies (utilizing 467 library buildings). SHARE membership fluctuates based on factors such as: new (transitional) members, members' ability to afford membership fees, overall library sustainability, and the consolidation or closure of school libraries. IHLS's LLSAP participates in a single library automation system with a shared database. Staff from these libraries also receive technical and other support as well as training from IHLS.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report. The fees collected for this service support out-of-pocket expenditures (including direct staff and their benefits).

Fiduciary Fund (Custodial Funds)

Based on the audited financial statements, IHLS has three Fiductary Funds, The Online Computer Library Center, Inc. (OCLC) Fund, Lewis and Clark Library System 457 Plan, and SWAYS (Southwest Advocates For Youth Services). For OCLC, IHLS receives transaction information electronically from OCLC and the ISL. IHLS then generates and mails invoices throughout the State of Illinois for ILLINET OCLC services and applies cash receipts. These funds are then held in trust and disbursed to OCLC. For Lewis and Clark Library System 457 Plan, IHLS acts as a fiduciary for funds held in trust for participants that participated in the plan during the timeframe the Lewis and Clark Library System was operational. IHLS acts as a fiduciary for the Southwest Advocates for Youth Services and the monies held are for participants in that activity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information and insight that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 25-43 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning IHLS's budget to actual schedules and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information for the budget to actual schedules and pension obligation can be found on pages 44-50 of this report.

The other supplementary schedules contain combined financial information and budget to actual comparison for Non-Major Funds. Other supplementary information can be found on pages 48-51 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Over time, Net Position may serve as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. IHLS's Assets exceeded Liabilities by \$13,419,592 at the close FY2022.

The largest portion of the IHLS's Net Position (67%) is Cash and Cash Equivalents which is used as working capital, necessitated because of delays in the receipt of the System Area and Per Capita Funds. These funds are also utilized for capital improvements.

The following table (in millions) reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

		Governmen	tal Activ	ities	F	Business-Ty	pe Activit	Total				
	- 3	2022	17	2021	2	022	20	021	9	2022	2	2021
Current and Other Assets	s	6.5	\$	7.0	\$	2.4	\$	2.2	\$	9.0	\$	9.2
Noncurrent Assets	-	8.0	W-11-11	5.0		2.8	· ·	1.7	(212020234020	10.8		6.7
Total Assets	\$	14.6	\$	12.0	\$	5.2	\$	3.9	\$	19.8	\$	15.9
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	0.7	\$	1.4	\$	0.3	\$	0,6	\$	1.0	\$	2.0
Current and Other Liabilities	\$	0.2	\$	0.1	\$	0.1	\$	0.1	\$	0.3	\$	0.2
Long-Term Liabilities		0.3		0.2		0.1		0.1		0.4		0.3
Total Liabilities	\$	0.5	\$	0.3	\$	0.2	\$	0.2	\$	0.7	\$	0.5
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4.8	\$	3.9	\$	2.0	\$	1.6	\$	6.8	\$	5,5
Net Position												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1.4	\$	1.4	\$	0.1	\$	0.2	\$	1.5	\$	1.6
Restricted		0		0		0		0		0		0
Unrestricted		8.7		7.8		3.2		2.5		11.9		10.3
Total Net Position	\$	10.1	\$	9.2	\$	3.3	\$	2.7	\$	13.4	\$	11.9

Long-Term Liabilities represents the value of earned, but unused vacation accumulated by employees, as well as Net Pension Liability related to participation in the Illinois Municipal Retirement (IMRF) Fund, as of June 30, 2022. Restricted Assets are the remaining fund balances for the Capital Projects, CMC Grant, and OCLC Grant Funds which must be used by those funds only. IHLS has internally set aside committed and reserve funds in its Computer Development Fund (SHARE) for the eBooks combined purchases and future capital outlay purchases.

The following table (in millions) is a summary of the Statement of Activities for the years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Go	overnment	al Acti	vities	Bu	siness-Ty	pe Acti	vities	-	Total				
	2	2022	2	2021		2022		2021		.022	2	2021		
Revenues:														
Program Revenues														
Charges for Services	\$	0.3	\$	0.3	\$	1.6	\$	1.6	\$	1.9	\$	1.9		
Operating Grants and Contr.		4.0		3.9		0.2		0.2		4.2		4.1		
General Revenues		0		0		0.5		0.3		0.5		0.3		
Internal Activity - Transfers	_	(0.3)	Vita in the second seco	(0.3)		0.3	Williams	0.3		0		0		
Total Revenues	\$	4.0	\$	3.9	\$	2.6	\$	2.4	\$	6.6	\$	6.3		
Expenses:														
General Library Services	\$	4.4	\$	3.3	\$	0	\$	0	\$	4.4	\$	3.3		
Computer Development						1.8		1.8		1.8		1.8		
Total Expenses	\$	4.4	\$	3.3	\$	1.8	\$	1.8	\$	6.2	\$	5.1		
Change in Net Position	\$	0.9	\$	0.6	\$	0.6	\$	0.6	\$	1.5	\$	1.2		
Beginning Net Position		9.2		8.6		2.7		2.1		11.9	-	10.7		
Ending Net Position	\$	10.1	\$	9.2	\$	3.3	\$	2.7	\$	13.4	\$	11.9		

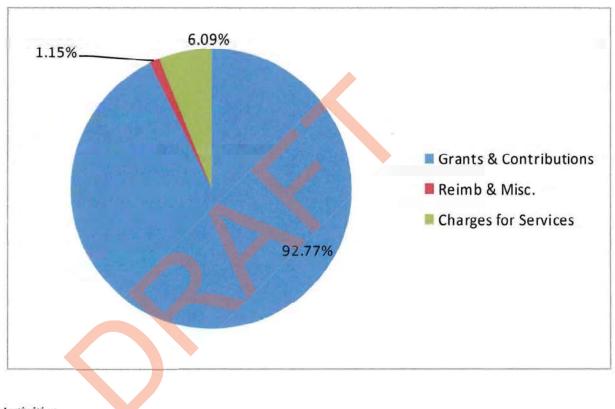
This Statement reflects a change in Net Position of \$1,540,640. This is a 21% increase from the prior year. This increase in the current year is attributable to the Actuarial Valuation performed in the System's participation in the

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund. The System recognized current year pension income of \$1,7481,357, compared to pension expense of \$1,271,083 in the prior year.

Revenues by Source

Government Activities

The following pie chart depicts total revenue by percentage. This is a typical distribution of Revenue for a multi-type library system.



Business Type Activities

Based on the audited financial statements, IHLS's business-type activity is the LLSAP, SHARE. As reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position (page 21), Charges for Services continued to represent most of the Operating Revenues (approximately 72%).

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, IHLS uses fund accounting to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal and grant requirements. Indicated on page 18, as of June 30, 2022, IHLS's Governmental Funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$6,481,752.

IHLS developed a budget based on the priority areas identified by the ISL and the FY2022 Goals contained in the IHLS Plan of Service. The budget must be approved by the IHLS's Board of Director and the ISL. IHLS's staff uses the budget to guide the operations throughout the fiscal year. FY2022 budget represents normal funding levels.

General Fund

The following table compares the budget to actual expenditures for the General Fund. IHLS used its approved budget:

		Original	Final		
		Budget	Budget		Actual
Revenues:	30-353-413-33				
Area and Per Capita Grants	\$	3,400,700	\$ 3,400,700	\$	3,400,700
Fees for Services and Material		265,218	265,218		261,147
Reimbursements		4,118	4,118		15,694
Investment income		1,763	1,763		11,706
Illinois State Library Grant					25,000
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	29,107	54,107		17,163
Total Revenues	\$	3,700,906	\$ 3,725,906	\$	3,731,410
Expenditures:					
Personnel	\$	2,608,537	\$ 2,608,537	\$	2,531,482
Other Operating Expenditures	(white in the last	1,297,684	1,322,684	Water desired	1,039,274
Total Expenditures	\$	3,906,221	\$ 3,931,221	\$	3,570,756
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)	According to the				
Expenditures		(205,315)	 (205,315)	-	160,654
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In (Out)	\$	(300,000)	\$ (300,000)	\$	(292,935)
Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets			 	_	4,811
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(505,315)	\$ (505,315)	\$	(127,470)

In the General Fund, IHLS welcomed two brand new colleagues, a Human Resource Assistant, and a Membership Coordinator School Liaison, in FY2022 and saw adjustments in the work schedules of five others. All these changes had a positive impact on the organization. Five couriers moved from part-time status to full-time status; this was achieved by attrition and not filling open part-time positions in that classification. This conversion achieves a few objectives: an overall savings in direct personnel costs from several to one employee; development of a staff member who is better-versed in organization routines and policies; reduction in administrative tasks related to employee turnover and onboarding; and a decrease in management tasks such as scheduling, performance appraisals and quarterly staff check-ins.

In FY2022, IHLS completed a market benchmarking and compensation structure development project. The appropriate staff placement within ranges was necessary to retain the current staff members that had been improperly placed.

In FY2022, IHLS completed phase two of the Edwardsville remodel, which resulted in additional expenditures of supplies that included furniture and décor for the renovated areas. IHLS was awarded the Road to Recovery Grant for \$25,000 that allowed for additional purchase of supplies and services to protect against the spread of COVID-19. This allowed the staff to work in a cleaner environment and strengthen the message that their health and safety is of critical importance.

Cataloging Maintenance Center (CMC)

In FY2022, the Cataloging Maintenance Center (CMC) project continued its statewide focus on bibliographic database cleanup, cataloging library materials, and training in a variety of formats. The CMC catalogers are supported by a grant from the Illinois State Library (ISL) to provide services that help improve access to the resources in Illinois libraries. The CMC serves libraries in the IHLS service area and across the state

Sharing Heartland's Available Resources Equally (SHARE)

In FY2022, the SHARE consortium was contracted to assist in a cataloging clean-up project for the Consortium of Academic of Research Libraries in Illinois (CARLI). The SHARE fund received revenue of \$165,000 for this project that funded the hiring of three temporary employees along with other needed expenditures.

In FY2022, SHARE completed the implementation of the Solus library mobile application. This provides library patrons with mobile access the ability to place holds, renew items, search digital content, and more.

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Assets for IHLS include purchases of items or services with a minimum per unit cost of \$5,000. Capital Projects in FY2022 included the cost of the renovations at the Champaign and Edwardsville offices. These updates included Live and Learn Construction Grant remodel of the restrooms at the Champaign office making them Americans-with-Disabilities-Act-compliant, creating a Finance and Human Resources department suite, electric and data installation, painting, carpet in the first-floor kitchen, painting in the second-floor kitchen and restrooms, and replacement of an air conditioning unit at the Edwardsville office. Unlike previous years, this was the second year that no funds were transferred to Capital Projects from the General Fund, due to the estimated budget deficit in the General Fund.

Capital Assets

The table below shows the value (in thousands) of IHLS Capital Assets at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	G	overnment	al A	ctivities	Bus	iness-Ty	pe A	ctivities	 Total			
		2022		2021	2022			2021	2022		2021	
Land	\$	411.6	\$	411.6	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 411.6	\$	411.6	
Assets in Progress		0		0		0		0	0		0	
Buildings & Improvements		878.1		718.0		0		0	878.1		718.0	
Equipment & Other		0		1.4		0		0	-		1.4	
Furniture & Fixtures		0		0		0		0	0		0	
Computers		3.6		10.9		97.0		167.7	100.6		178.6	
Vehicles	_	124.4		227.6		0		0	124.4		227.6	
Total Capital Assets	\$	1,417.8	\$	1,369.5	\$	97.0	\$	167.7	\$ 1,514.8	\$	1,537.2	

Discussions of Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions

IHLS's FY2022 budget was developed using the modified zero-based budget process. Administrative staff from the system participated in developing the budget. Careful consideration was given to the core service priorities as expressed by the Illinois Secretary of State and the Illinois State Library.

The primary funding source for the *Governmental Activities* is the System Area and Per Capita Grant from the Illinois State Library, which is supported by the Illinois General Revenue, the Live and Learn, and Federal Funds. The federal source of funding is through the Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA). Other revenue sources used for the *Proprietary Activities* include the fees collected to support the operation of the LLSAP, SHARE, which provides services to approximately 338 full member agencies.

FY2014 marked the first completed fiscal year of 300-member libraries sharing a single integrated library system. The SHARE consortium utilizes Polaris Integrated Library Systems for its automation platform. The SHARE membership continues to contribute annually to a reserve fund in anticipation of hardware replacement, technology upgrades, and to have the capital to implement a new software platform if a change in vendor becomes necessary.

A prudent business practices framework will continue to guide policies and financial decisions, providing a more sustainable model. As IHLS moves into FY2023, it will continue to balance staying within the priority areas established by the Illinois State Library, providing quality service based on identified member needs, and remaining fiscally responsible (knowing the financial realities of available funding).

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general review of the Illinois Heartland Library System for all those with an interest in IHLS's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Illinois Heartland Library System, Edwardsville Office, 6725 Goshen Road, Edwardsville, IL 62025.

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

	G	overnmental	Ви	isiness-Type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			-			
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,438,613	\$	2,227,313	\$	8,665,926
Accounts Receivable		37,240		22,230		59,470
Due from Other Funds		117		0		117
Prepaid Expenses	980-000	148,857		161,555		310,412
Total Current Assets	\$	6,624,827	\$	2,411,098	\$	9,035,925
Noncurrent Assets:			378.38			
Capital Assets:	07920	10000000			- 20	0.2.0 (0.202)
Not Being Depreciated Being Depreciated -	\$	411,667			\$	411,667
Net of Accumulated Depreciation		1,006,112	\$	96,951		1,103,063
Right of Use Asset, (Net of Accumulated Amortization)		151,132	J	90,931		
Net Pension Asset		6,422,424		2,682,575		151,132
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$		\$		\$	9,104,999
MACCON TON	2	7,991,335	Paris T	2,779,526	-	10,770,861
Total Assets	\$	14,616,162	\$	5,190,624	\$	19,806,786
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred Outflows from Pension Contributions	\$	732,511	\$	270,529	\$	1,003,040
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	732,511	\$	270,529	\$	1,003,040
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		0		,	-	
OF RESOURCES	\$	15,348,673	\$	5,461,153	\$	20,809,826
		73,546,073	9	3,401,133	9	20,007,020
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	30,152	\$	29,206	\$	59,358
Due to Other Funds	•	17	v	100	•	117
Accrued Expenses		111,829		33,764		145,593
Uncarned Revenue		1,079		1,646		2,725
Total Current Liabilities	\$	143,077	s	64,716	\$	207,793
Long-Term Liabilities:	-				*******	
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	160 710	\$	72 724	\$	242 452
Lease Liability	3	169,719	3	73,734	D.	243,453
Total Long-Term Liabilities	•	154,869	-	72 724		154,869
Total Long-Term Clabilities	\$	324,588	\$	73,734	\$	398,322
Total Liabilities	\$	467,665	\$	138,450	\$	606,115
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Net Pension Asset	\$	4,778,180	\$	2,005,938	\$	6,784,118
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4,778,180	\$	2,005,938	\$	6,784,118
Net Position:					***********	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,417,779	\$	96,951	\$	1,514,730
Restricted						
Grant Expenditures		22,852				22,852
Unrestricted		8,662,197		3,219,813		11,882,010
Total Net Position	5	10,102,828	\$	3,316,764	\$	13,419,592
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	15,348,673	\$	5,461,153	\$	20,809,826
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements	-				-	

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Program Revenues							
			g Q	4	Net	(Expense	/Reve	Net (Expense)/Revenue And Changes in Net	ange	s in Net
		Charges	Operating	Capital		Positio	n-Pn	Position - Primary Government	nmer	1
		for	Grants and	Grants and	Govern	Governmental	Busi	Business-Type		
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Acti	Activities	Ă	Activities		Total
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities:	\$ 4362 868	741 147	016 086 £ \$		4	(170,811)			4	(120.811)
Sample Charles and Control			2,000,00			()	(112,011)
Business-Type Activities: Computer Development	1,912,563	1,700,447	36,881				€9	(175,235)		(175,235)
	\$ 6,275,431	\$ 1,961,594	\$ 4,017,791	8 0	\$	(120,811)	69	(175,235)	8	(296,046)
General Revenues:		1								
Reimbursements					€9	15,694			8	15,694
Investment Income						16,138	€9	2,847		18,985
Miscellaneous						17,398		2,657		20,055
Pension Income					1,7	1,218,949		522,408		1,741,357
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets						40,595				40,595
Internal Activity - Transfers					3	(277,696)		277,696		0
Total General Revenues					\$ 1,(1,031,078	8	809,508	8	1,836,686
							4		(
Change in Net Position					5	910,267	€9	630,373	8	1,540,640
Net Position - Beginning of Year					6,	9,192,561		2,686,391		11,878,952
					3	200		0.25	- 8	0.000
Net Position - End of Year					\$ 10,	\$ 10,102,828	649	3,316,764	8	\$ 13,419,592

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

Total Governmental Funds	\$ 6,438,615 117 37,237	148,858 \$ 6,624,827		\$ 30,152 15	111,829	\$ 143,075	\$ 148,857	1,416,930 4,893,113 \$ 6,481,752	\$ 6,624,827
Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$ 3,776	1,011 \$ 4,787		\$ 1,705	3,720	\$ 5,428	\$ 1,011	(1,652)	\$ 4,787
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 1,416,930	\$ 1,416,930				0		\$ 1,416,930	\$ 1,416,930
Major Funds CMC Grant Fund	\$ 42,683	3,352		\$ 3,006	16,814	\$ 19,832	\$ 3,351	\$ 26,203	\$ 46,035
General	\$ 4,975,226 11.7 37,237	\$ 5,157,075		\$ 25,441	91,295	\$ 117,815	\$ 144,495	4,894,765	\$ 5,157,075
A SSETIC.	Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other Funds Accounts Receivable	Prepaid Expenses Total Assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:	Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	Accrued Expenses Deferred Revenue	Total Liabilities	Fund Balances: Non-Spendable	Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds

\$ 6,481,752

Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

CT-1	100		-
hace	accate	consist	O.t
111030	assets	COHSIST	OI

Land	\$	411,667
Buildings and Improvements, net of		
\$1,932,351 accumulated depreciation		878,069
Computers, net of \$1,065,586		
accumulated depreciation		3,633
Automobiles, net of \$654,318		
accumulated depreciation		124,408
Total		(

Right of Use Assets (Net of \$75,566 Accumulated Amortization) used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

151,132

1,417,777

Net pension asset and related deferrals are not due and payable and/or receivable in the current period, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds

2,376,754

Lease liabilities applicable to the System's Governmental Activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities.

(154,869)

Balance of Compensated Absences at June 30, 2022

(169,719)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 10,102,828

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM

	Total Governmental Funds	1	\$ 2,740,978 659,722	580,210 261,147	15,694	17,398	I			\$ 3,009,756	231,764	885,338	250.169	\$ 4,379,602	\$ (88,315)		\$ (277,696)	\$ (265,820)	(354,135)	6,835,887	\$ 6,481,752
	Non-Major Governmental Funds			\$ 149,513		6 140 613	1			\$ 125,617	20,815	069'9		\$ 153,122	(3,609)			0	(3,609)	2,968	\$ (641)
T.	Capital Projects Fund					4,432							\$ 250.169	\$ 250,169	\$ (245,737)		\$ (7,065) 7,065	8	(245,737)	1,662,667	\$ 1,416,930
Major Fund	CMC Grant Fund			\$ 405,697	\ \	235				\$ 359,921	47,952	4,946		\$ 412,819	\$ (6,887)		\$ 22,304	\$ 22,304	15,417	10,786	\$ 26,203
	General		\$ 2,740,978 659,722	25,000 261.147	15,694	17,163				\$ 2,524,218	162,997	873,702	6,273	\$ 3,563,492	\$ 167,918	100	\$ (292,935)	\$ (288,124)	(120,206)	5,159,466	\$ 5,039,260
		REVENUES: State Grants:	Area and Per Capita - State Alletment Area and Per Capita - Federal Pass Through	Illinois State Library Fees for Services and Material	Reimbursements	Other Revenue	Total Nevendes	EXPENDITURES: Current:	General Library Services:	Personnel Service	Contractual Services	Supplies and Materials	Canital Outlay	Total Expenditures	EXÇESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	OTMER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	Etansfers In (Out) Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR	FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (354,135)

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures while Governmental Activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period, including gains or losses on disposition of assets.

48,213

Governmental funds report lease payments as expenditures while governmental activities report amortization expense on Right of Use Assets and interest expense on the lease liability to allocate those expenditures over the term of the lease. This is the amount by which the amortization and interest expense exceeds the lease payments in the current period.

(3,738)

Changes in compensated absences reported in the Statement of
Activities do not require the use of current financial resources
and therefore are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds

977

Changes in net pension asset/liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pension assets/liabilities are reported only in the Statement of Activities

1,218,950

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 910,267

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

	Computer
	Development Fund
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,227,313
Accounts Receivable	22,230
Prepaid Expenses	161,555
Total Current Assets	\$ 2,411,098
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Depreciable Capital Assets	\$ 3,021,743
Accumulated Depreciation	(2,924,792)
Net Capital Assets	96,951
Net Pension Asset	2,682,575
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$ 2,779,526
Total Assets	\$ 5,190,624
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	r
Deferred Outflow from Pension Contribution	\$ 270,529
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 270,529
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 5,461,153
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 29,206
Accrued Expenses	33,764
Due to Other Funds	100
Unearned Revenue	1,646
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 64,716
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Compensated Absences Payable	\$ 73,735
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 73,735
Total Liabilities	\$ 138,451
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Net Pension Asset	\$ 2,005,938
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 2,005,938
Total Bolones in tessenses	
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 96,951
Unrestricted	3,219,813
Total Net Position	\$ 3,316,764
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 5,461,153

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES:		Computer elopment Fund
Charges for Services Grants Member Library Reimbursement Revenue Pension Income	\$	1,618,032 36,881 82,415 522,408
Miscellaneous Income Total Operating Revenues	\$	2,657 2,262,393
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personnel Services Contractual Services Supplies and Materials Member Library Reimbursement Expense Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,239,413 291,041 228,897 82,415 70,797 1,912,563
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		349,830
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE) Investment Income Total Other Income (Expense)	<u>\$</u>	2,847 2,847
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	352,677
TRANSFERS IN		277,696
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	630,373
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	(restricted to	2,686,391
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	3,316,764

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Computer <u>Development Fund</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from Customers Receipts from Interfund Services Provided Payments to Vendors	\$ 1,766,518 36,881 (595,852)
Payments to Employees Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ (37,385)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Operating Transfers From (To) Other Funds Decrease in Due from Other Funds	\$ 277,696 511
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	\$ 278,207
Investment Income	\$ 2,847
NET INCREASE IN CASH	243,669
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,983,644
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,227,313
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 349,830
Adjustment to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets:	70,797
Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenses Deferred Outflows of Resources	40,314 23,020 308,382
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,200 358,021
Net Pension Asset/Liability Accrued Expenses	(1,188,811) 706
Unearned Revenue Compensated Absences Payable	80 (7,924)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$ (37,385)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	SWAYS - Custodial Fund	Lewis and Clark Library System 457 Plan - Custodial Fund	OCLC - Custodial Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				MAX ZALINO REGINACIONOSOMENTO
Cash	\$ 2,089	\$ 249,369	\$ 2,746,904	\$ 2,998,362
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Due To Other Agencies	\$ 1,974	\$ 249,369	\$ 2,746,904	\$ 2,998,247
NET POSITION	\$ 115	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 115
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
NET POSITION	\$ 2,089	\$ 249,369	\$ 2,746,904	\$ 2,998,362

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		AYS - dial Fund	Lewis ar Library 457 P Custodia	System lan -		LC - ial Fund	Т	otal
REVENUES: Total Revenues:	¢	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	
Total Revenues.	Ф	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>	
EXPENDITURES:				70.48				1921
Total Expenditures:	\$	0	\$	0		0	\$	0 1
NET CHANGE IN POSITION	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
NET POSITION,								
BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	115	\$	0	\$	0	\$	115
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	115	\$	0	\$	0	\$	115

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Illinois Heartland Library System (the System) are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments. GAAP includes all relevant GASB pronouncements plus other sources of accounting and financial reporting guidance noted in GASB Statement 55, The Hierarchy of GAAP for State and Local Governments. The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP and used by the System are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The System was created July 1, 2011 by the merger of four regional library systems in southern and central Illinois. The System provides delivery, and automation (online catalog software) services to the libraries of southern and parts of central Illinois, as well as certain grant program services, such as the Catalog Maintenance Center to libraries throughout Illinois. The System is governed by a 15 member Board of Directors selected from among the System's member organizations.

The definition of what constitutes the entity of the System is based on the guidelines set forth in GASB Statement Number 14, as amended by GASB Statement 61. The primary government of the System consists of the funds presented herein as governmental funds, a proprietary fund, and a fiduciary fund.

According to GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by Statement Number 61, a legally separate organization should be included as a component unit of the primary organization if the primary government is financially accountable for the organization. Financial accountability is determined as follows:

- The organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, or
- 2. The primary government appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and:
 - It is able to impose its will on the organization, or
 - There is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens, on the primary government.

Based on the operational and financial criteria noted above, the System does not have a component unit that should be reported as part of the reporting entity.

Related organizations for which the Directors appoint a voting majority of the governing body, but for which the System is not financially accountable, are not included in the reporting entity.

Jointly governed organizations are those for which the System does not have an on-going financial interest or responsibility. Jointly governed organizations are not included in the reporting entity.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the System as a whole. They include all funds of the System, except the fiduciary funds. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities include the governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Internal balances and activities within the System's funds are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. Transactions between the governmental and business-type activities are not eliminated.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting (as described in Note 1.c).

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the System are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The System's funds are organized into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the System or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.
- 2. Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all funds combined.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting (as described in Note 1.c.).

The proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported on the accrual basis of accounting (as described in Note 1.c.).

The fund types of the System are described below:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the System:

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the System and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except automation and bibliographic access and those activities legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The reporting entity of the System includes the following special revenue funds:

Major Special Revenue Fund

CMC Grant Fund – Grants from the Illinois State Library finance this fund, which acts as the fiscal agent for the Cataloging Maintenance Center program.

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund

The System's non-major special revenue fund is the OCLC Grant Fund.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets other than those financed by Proprietary Funds. The reporting entity includes one capital projects fund, the Capital Projects Fund, a major governmental fund.

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund – An Enterprise Fund is used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public or outside entities. The measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise fund that is reported as a major fund:

Computer Development Fund – Accounts for all activities related to an automated library database system that provides widespread library accessibility services to a system of member libraries.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held by the System in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the System's own programs. The System has three fiduciary funds, the OCLC-Custodial Fund, which is used to account for funds held in trust for the ILLINET OCLC, Lewis and Clark Library System 457 Plan – Custodial Fund, which is used to account for funds held in trust for participants that participated in the Lewis and Clark Library System when the organization was still in service, and SWAYS – Custodial Fund, which is used to account for funds from the Southwest Advocates for Youth Services.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting

1. Accrual

Governmental activities and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and enterprise fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recognized when it becomes both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The System considers receipts within 60 days of year-end to be available. Expenditures period accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when payment is due.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes deposits at financial institutions, short-term investments with original maturities at issuance of three months or less, certificates of deposit, and funds held in money market mutual funds at depository banks.

E. Receivables

Receivables are reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from third-party payers and others for services rendered. Receivables are stated at the amount management expects to collect on outstanding balances. The System's allowance for doubtful receivables at June 30, 2022 was \$0.

F. Interfund Balances

Receivables and payables between funds are reported as due from and due to other funds, respectively. Amounts not expected to be repaid within a reasonable time are considered interfund transfers. In governmental funds, amounts due from other funds expected to be repaid within a reasonable time, but beyond one year from June 30, 2022, as well as other long-term receivables are offset by non-spendable fund balance because they do not represent expendable, available financial resources.

G. Prepaid Expenditures/Expenses

Prepaid expenditures/expenses such as for insurance or service contracts are deferred and expensed over the term when the services are received.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased for use in governmental activities are recorded as expenditures in governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase. Capital assets of governmental activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements offset by accumulated depreciation. Capital assets are valued at actual or estimated historical cost while donated capital assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Capital assets are defined as assets with initial, individual costs over \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Depreciation is calculated on all capital assets (other than land, assets that appreciate in value, and impaired capital assets carried at net realizable value) using the straight-line method with the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and Improvements	10 - 30
Equipment and Other	7
Furniture and Fixtures	8
Computers	5
Vehicles	5

The System has no intangible assets subject to capitalization.

I. Use of Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the System's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources.

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the government-wide and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the government-wide and fund financial statements include a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized as inflows of resources (revenue) in the year in which they are intended to be available to finance expenditures.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Program Revenues

Program Revenues on the statement of activities include the following:

Governmental Activities

Charges for Services Fees paid by outside entities for the services provided

by the General Fund

Operating Grants and

Contributions

Contributions

Grants used to support operations

Capital Grants and

Grants used to purchase equipment, vehicles, and

other capital assets

Business-type Activities

Charges for Services Fees paid by outside entities for the automated library

database services

Operating Grants and

Contributions

Grants used to support operations

Capital Grants and Grants used to purchase equipment and other capital

Contributions asset

L. Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses of the Proprietary Fund

Operating revenues and expenses for the proprietary fund are those that result from providing services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, non-capital financing, or investing activities.

M. Reimbursement Revenue

In the fund financial statements, the System has recorded \$13,592 of Reimbursements Revenue and Contractual Services Expenditures related to the allocation of Administrative and Facilities Costs from the General Fund to certain grant funds, as allowed by the applicable grant agreement. In the government-wide financial statements, this interfund activity has been eliminated.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Compensated Absences

It is the System's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation up to a limit of 200 percent of an employee's annual amount of vacation earned. Vacation is accrued using the vesting method. All vacation is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective July 1, 2021, the System adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Leases should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that exist at the beginning of the period of implementation. GASB Statement No. 87 established a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. Under this statement, a government entity that is a lessee must recognize (1) a lease liability, (2) an intangible asset representing the lessee's right to use the leased asset, (3) report the amortization expense for using the lease asset over the shorter of the term of the lease or the useful life of the underlying asset, (4) interest expense on the lease liability and (5) note disclosures about the lease. This statement provides exceptions for leases of assets held as investments, certain regulated leases, short-term leases and leases that transfer ownership of the underlying asset. This statement also addresses accounting for lease terminations and modifications, sale-leaseback transactions, nonlease components embedded in lease contracts (such as service agreements) and leases with related parties.

NOTE 2. FUND BALANCE REPORTING

According to Government Accounting Standards, fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications; Nonspendable Fund Balance, Restricted Fund Balance, Committed Fund Balance, Assigned Fund Balance, and Unassigned Fund Balance. Below are definitions of the differences and how these balances are reported:

A. Nonspendable Fund Balance

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example inventories or prepaid amounts. The General Fund, CMC Grant Fund, and OCLC Grant Fund had nonspendable funds of \$144,495, \$3,351, and \$1,011, respectively, at fiscal year end June 30, 2022.

NOTE 2. FUND BALANCE REPORTING (CONTINUED)

B. Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions, not controlled by the entity. Things such as restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or law and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Special Revenue Funds are by definition restricted for those specific purposes. The System has several revenue sources received within different funds that fall into these categories:

1. State Grants

Proceeds from state and local grants and the related expenditures have been included in the CMC Grant Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and the OCLC Grant Fund. At June 30, 2022, revenue received exceeded expenditures disbursed from state and local grants in the CMC Grant Fund, resulting in restricted fund balances of \$22.852.

C. Committed Fund Balance

The committed fund balance classification refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the System's Board). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

The System's Board commits fund balance by making motions or passing resolutions to adopt policy or to approve contracts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. There were no committed fund balances for the System as of June 30, 2022.

D. Assigned Fund Balance

The assigned fund balance classification refers to amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted or committed. Intent may be expressed by (a) the System's Board itself or (b) the finance committee, if applicable, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Capital Projects Fund showed an assigned balance of \$1,416,930, as of June 30, 2022.

E. Unassigned Fund Balance

The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for amounts in the General Operating Funds for amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund and OCLC Grant Fund showed an unassigned fund balance of \$4,894,765 and (\$1,652), respectively, at fiscal year end June 30, 2022.

NOTE 2. FUND BALANCE REPORTING (CONTINUED)

F. Expenditures of Fund Balance

Unless specifically identified, expenditures act to reduce restricted balances first, then committed balances, next assigned balances, and finally act to reduce unassigned balances. Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified.

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental Funds

Cash and Cash Equivalents – Governmental Funds \$ 6,438,616

Proprietary Funds

Cash and Cash Equivalents – Proprietary Funds \$2,227,313

Fiduciary Funds

Cash and Cash Equivalents – Custodial Funds \$2,998,362

A. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the System manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

B. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The credit risk of investments is addressed by the System's investment policy by limiting investments to instruments insured by the FDIC, issued by the U.S. Treasury, or the Illinois Funds portfolios overseen by the Treasurer of the State of Illinois. The System has \$7,110,117 deposited into accounts with the Illinois Funds. The investment pool has earned Standard and Poor's highest rating (AAA).

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

C. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. None of the System's cash or cash equivalents were considered to be uninsured or uncollateralized as of June 30, 2022.

The System's investment in the state investment pool is fully collateralized. The System maintains a separate investment account representing a proportionate share of the pool assets and its respective collateral; therefore no collateral is identified with each individual participant's account. The balance in the System's state investment pool as of June 30, 2022, was \$7,110,117. The System's investment in the state investment pool is reported at cost which estimate fair value.

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

At June 30, 2022, receivables were as follows for the governmental funds and governmental activities:

	Rec	Receivables		
State Grant	\$	15,615		
Miscellaneous		21,625		
Total	\$	37,240		

At June 30, 2022, receivables were as follows for the business-type activities and enterprise fund:

	Receivable		
Miscellaneous	\$	22,230	
Total	\$	22,230	

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 411,667	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 411,667
Subtotal	\$ 411,667	\$0	\$ 0	\$ 411,667
Other Capital Assets:				
Automobiles	\$ 957,424		\$ 178,699	\$ 778,725
Buildings and Improvements	2,560,250	\$ 250,170		2,810,420
Equipment and Other	2,003,721			2,003,721
Furniture and Fixtures	391,590			391,590
Computers	1,069,221		No. 1 (1990)	1,069,221
Subtotal	\$ 6,982,206	\$ 250,170	\$ 178,699	\$ 7,053,677
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Automobiles	\$ 729,874	\$ 87,886	\$ 163,442	\$ 654,318
Buildings and Improvements	1,842,206	90,145		1,932,351
Equipment and Other	2,002,330	1,390		2,003,720
Furniture and Fixtures	391,590			391,590
Computers	1,058,307	7,279		1,065,586
Subtotal	\$ 6,024,307	\$ 186,700	\$ 163,442	\$ 6,047,565
Net Other Capital Assets	\$ 957,899	\$ 63,470	\$ 15,257	\$ 1,006,112
Net Capital Assets	\$_1,369,565	\$ 63,470	<u>\$ 15,257</u>	\$ 1,417,779

Current year depreciation expense was charged to the following function;

General Library Services \$186,700

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets of the business-type activities and enterprise fund for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Police Town And id-	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities: Other Capital Assets:				
Equipment and Other	\$ 1,679,402			\$ 1.679402
Computers	1,342,341	**************************************		1,342,341
Subtotal	\$ 3,021,743	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,021,743
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Equipment and Other	\$ 1,623,650			\$ 1,623,650
Computers	1,230,345	\$70,797		1,301,142
Subtotal	\$ 2,853,995	\$ 70,797	\$ 0	\$ 2,924,792
Net Capital Assets	\$ 167,748	\$ (70,797)	\$0	\$ 96,951

Current year depreciation expense was charged to the following function:

Computer Development

\$70,797

NOTE 6. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in the System's long-term liabilities of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	June 30, 2021	 ent Year hange	•	June 30, 2022	Vithin Year
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$ 170,698	\$ (979)	\$	169,719	\$ 0_

The following is a summary of changes in the System's long-term liabilities of the business-type activities and enterprise fund for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	J	une 30, 2021	rent Year Change	J	une 30, 2022	Within Year
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	81,658	\$ (7,924)	\$	73,734	\$ 0

NOTE 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2022, are summarized below:

		From r Funds	Due To Other Funds		
Governmental Funds:	-		-		
General Fund	\$	117			
OCLC Fund			\$	5	
CMC Grant Fund				12	
Proprietary Fund:					
Computer Development Fund			1000000	100	
Total	\$	117	\$	117	

The amounts due among the funds relate to working capital loans. The amounts due have no specific repayment date scheduled, however, repayment is expected within the next fiscal year.

Interfund transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2022, are summarized below:

	Tı	Transfer In		ansfer Out
Governmental Funds:			•	202.025
General Fund			3	292,935
Capital Project Fund				7,065
CMC Grant Fund	\$	22,304		
Proprietary Fund:				
Computer Development Fund		277,696		
Total	\$	300,000	\$	300,000
			-	

Transfers are used to utilize unrestricted resources of the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 8. RISK OF LOSS

Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for property, liability, and workers compensation. During the year ended June 30, 2022, there were no significant reductions in coverage. There have been no material settlement amounts that have exceeded insurance coverage or that have been uncovered by insurance in the past three years.

NOTE 9. LEASES

The System has a lease with Southern Illinois University-Carbondale for office space rent. The term is for 5 years commencing on July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024. The total costs of the District's Right of Use Assets are recorded as \$226,698, less accumulated amortization of \$75,566, as of June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9. LEASES (CONTINUED)

This lease has resulted in a lease liability of \$154,869. The annual requirements to retire this lease are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30,	Ī	Principal	I	nterest	Total
2023	\$	75,503	\$	6,029	\$ 81,532
2024		79,366		2,165	\$4,203
2025		0		0	0
2026		0		0	0
2027		0		0	0
Total	\$	154,869	\$	8,195	\$ 163,064

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The System participates in a number of state and federally assisted programs. Under the terms of the programs, periodic audits may be required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of these programs. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to grantor agencies. Based on prior experience, the System believes examinations would not result in any material disallowed costs for grant revenue recorded in these financial statements or from prior years.

NOTE 11. CONCENTRATION OF REVENUE

For the year ended June 30, 2022, 66 percent of the System's revenue was received through grants or allocations from the Illinois Secretary of State's Office through the Illinois State Library.

NOTE 12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The System's Board of Directors is comprised of representatives from its member organizations. Member organizations pay fees to the System for various services. For the year ended June 30, 2022, total charges for services revenue earned from these organizations was \$87,586.

NOTE 13. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The System's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The System's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual net position, and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

NOTE 13. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 1. 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 2. 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

At December 31, 2021, the following employees were covered by the Plan:

Active Employees	52
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	226
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	<u>67</u>
Total	<u>345</u>

Contributions. As set by statute, the System's Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2021 was 3.73 percent. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the System contributed \$63,009 to the plan. The System also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability. The System's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTE 13. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

			Projected Returns/Risk			
	Target	Return	One Year	Ten Year		
Asset Class	Allocation	12/31/2021	Arithmetic	Geometric		
Equities	39.00%	24.89%	3.25%	1.90%		
International Equities	15.00%	9.78%	4.89%	3.15%		
Fixed Income	25.00%	-0.44%	-0.50%	-0.06%		
Real Estate	10.00%	21.95%	4.20%	3.30%		
Alternatives	10.00%	46%				
Private Equity		N/A	8.85%	5.50%		
Hedge Funds		N/A	N/A	N/A		
Commodities		N/A	2.90%	1.70%		
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	2.44%	-0.90%	-0.90%		
Total	100.00%					

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 1.84%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Changes in System's Net Pension Liability. Changes in the System's net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2021, were as follows:

Total Pension _Fension Liability		Plan Fichaciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
\$	33,713,705	\$	38,856,004	\$	(5,142,299)
	220,516				220,516
	2,363,963				2.363.963
	(48,565)				(48,565)
					0
			103,134		(103, 134)
			117,027		(117,027)
			6,915,910		(6,915,910)
	(2,435,149)		(2,435,149)		0
			(637,457)		637,457
3	100,765	\$	4,063,465	\$	(3,962,700)
\$	33,814,470	\$	42,919,469	\$	(9,104,999)
	\$	Fension Liability \$ 33,713,705 220,516 2,363,963 (48,565) (2,435,149) \$ 100,765	Pension Liability \$ 33,713,705 \$ 220,516 2,363,963 (48,565) (2,435,149) \$ 100,765 \$	Pension Fidaziary Liability Net Position \$ 33,713,705 \$ 38,856,004 220,516 2,363,963 (48,565) 103,134 117,027 6,915,910 (2,435,149) (2,435,149) (637,457) \$ 100,765 \$ 4,063,465	Pension Fidanciary Net Position Liability \$ 33,713,705 \$ 38,856,004 \$ 220,516 2,363,963 (48,565) 103,134 117,027 6,915,910 (2,435,149) (2,435,149) (637,457) \$ 100,765 \$ 4,063,465 \$

NOTE 13. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as, what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

A.399	Discount Rate	Net Per	sion Liability (Asset)
1% decrease	6.25%	\$	(5,915,616)
Current discount rate	7.25%		(9,104,999)
1% increase	8.25%		(11,750,446)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued report.

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the System recognized pension income of \$1,676,283. At June 30, 2022, the System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	Source and the	A.	\$	5,106
Changes of assumptions				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on Plan investments	\$	989,878		6,779,012
Contributions after Measurement Date	200	13,162		Bride Control Manager Control
Total	\$	1,003,040	\$	6,784,118

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

December 31,
(1,258,950)
(2,256,881)
(1,424,796)
(840,451)
0
0
\$ (5,781,078)

NOTE 14. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

There CMC Grant Fund had expenditures over budget of \$7,122 for the year ended June 30, 2022. This was the only major fund that had excess expenditures over budget or total grant awarded for the fiscal year end June 30, 2022.

NOTE 15. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The System currently offers two post-employment benefits to retirees. Those benefits are 1) continuation of participation in the System's health insurance plan as required by law for a period of 18 months (COBRA coverage) and 2) retiree continuation of health insurance coverage on the System's plan beyond the COBRA period. In relation to both of these benefits, the retiree pays 100% of their own premium cost. As of June 30, 2021, no retirees were covered under COBRA coverage and no retirees were currently participating in the health insurance coverage. There were two employees participating in the dental and vision plan, which the retirees were required to pay 100% of their own premium cost. Due to the limited number of participants in the plan, and the insignificance of the cost incurred by the System, no Other Post Employment Benefit's liability has been recorded as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 16. PENSION PLAN

In July 2011, the System was created through a merger of four regional library systems in central and southern Illinois. One of the library systems that was a part of the merger, had established a 457(b) retirement plan for its employees. Since the merger, the plan is no longer active and available for new participants, but the plan still exists for the participants that were enrolled prior to the merger. No contributions, by either remaining participants or the System are made to the plan. The System is the Plan Administrator and acts in a fiduciary capacity for the plan; however, they have contracted with a third party to handle the administrative and custodial activities. The assets of the plan are held in trust, (custodial account or annuity contract) for the exclusive benefit of the participants (employees) and their beneficiaries. The custodian thereof, for the exclusive benefit of the participants, holds the custodial account for the beneficiaries of this plan, and the assets may not be diverted to any other use. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 32, plan balances and activities are reflected as a Fiduciary Fund within the System's financial statements.

NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated the effect of subsequent events on the financial statements through August 30, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

<u>GENERAL FUND</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		dget		(Actual -
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget)
REVENUES:				
State Grants:				
Area and Per Capita - State Allotment	\$ 2,740,978	\$ 2,740,978	\$ 2,740,978	
Area and Per Capita - Federal Pass Through	659,722	659,722	659,722	
Fees for Services and Material	265,218	265,218	261,147	\$ (4,071)
Reimbursements	4,118	4,118	15,694	11,576
Investment Income	1,763	1,763	11,706	9,943
Illinois Library Grant			25,000	
Other Revenue	29,107	29,107	17,163	(11,944)
Total Revenues	\$ 3,700,906	\$ 3,700,906	\$ 3,731,410	\$ 5,504
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Library Services:		A STREET		
Personnel Service	\$ 2,608,537	\$ 2,608,537	\$ 2,524,218	\$ (84,319)
Contractual Services	312,332	312,332	162,997	(149,335)
Supplies and Materials	985,352	1,010,352	873,702	(136,650)
Member Library Reimbursement Expense			2,575	2,575
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,906,221	\$ 3,931,221	\$ 3,563,492	\$ (367,729)
	1-10			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (205,315)	\$ (230,315)	\$ 167,918	\$ 373,233
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers Out	\$ (300,000)	\$ (300,000)	\$ (292,935)	\$ 7,065
Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets			4,811	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (300,000)	\$ (300,000)	\$ (288,124)	\$ 7,065
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (505,315)	\$ (530,315)	\$ (120,206)	\$ 380,298
				- Description - III
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			5,159,466	

FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 5,039,260	

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

EMC GRANT FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

REVENUES:		Buo Original	dget	Final	-	Actual	(A	ariance Actual - I Budget)
State Grants:								
Illinois State Library	\$	405,697	\$	405,697	\$	405,697	\$	0
Other Revenue						235		235
Total Revenues	\$	405,697	\$	405,697	-\$	405,932	\$	235
EXPENDITURES: Current:	(lastanos)		<u></u>). 741.000000		3 (
General Library Services: Personnel Service	\$	355,988	\$	355,988	\$	359,921	\$	3,933
Contractual Services	Φ	45,537	Ф	45,537	Φ	47,952	Φ	2,415
Supplies and Materials		4,172		4,172		4,946		774
Total Expenditures	\$	405,697	\$	405,697	\$	412,819	\$	7,122
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				.,,,,,,				
Transfers Out	ds		_		\$	22,304	\$	22,304
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	0		0_	\$	22,304	\$	22,304
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	0	\$	0	\$	15,417	\$	(6,887)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR						10,786		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR						26,203		

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Buc	dget					ariance Actual -
	Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget)
REVENUES:						-	
Investment Income	\$ 2,164	\$	2,164	\$	4,432	\$	2,268
Total Revenues	\$ 2,164	\$	2,164	\$	4,432	\$	2,268
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital Outlay	\$ 238,000	\$	297,000	\$	250,169	\$	(46,831)
Total Expenditures	\$ 238,000	\$	297,000	\$	250,169	\$	(46,831)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers Out				\$	(7,065)	\$	(7,065)
Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets			CO ALEX GENERAL PARTS		7,065		7,065
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (235,836)	\$	(294,836)	\$	(245,737)	\$	(49,099)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR				-	1,662,667		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR				\$	1,416,930		

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Budgets and Budgetary Basis of Accounting:

A. Budgetary Process

- 1. In accordance with the Illinois Library System Act, Administrative Rules, prior to each May 1, the System's Executive Director submits to the Board of Directors a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and revenues provided to finance them.
- 2. The proposed budget is discussed at regular meetings of the Board of Directors.
- 3. Prior to June 1, the Board of Directors formally adopts the budget.
- 4. The System's Executive Director presents monthly/quarterly reports to the Board of Directors explaining significant variances from the approved budget.
- 5. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 6. The System budgets for all funds through the budget process or through budgets for individual grant awards.
- 7. The organizational budget lapses at fiscal year end and no revisions may be made after year end.

B. Legal Level of Budgetary Control

The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed the budget) is the fund level. The budgetary expenditure comparisons in the basic financial statements are from approved organizational budgets for all funds except for the OCLC Grant, which is derived from the grant budget.

C. Amendments to the Budget

The System's Executive Director is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the departments in any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of the System must be approved by the Board of Directors.

D. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on essentially the same basis of accounting as the fund financial statements.

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is not used by the System.

F. Expenditures Over Budget

The CMC Grant Fund had expenditures over budget of \$7,122 for the year ended June 30, 2022. This was the only major fund that had excess expenditures over budget or total grant awarded for the fiscal year end June 30, 2022.

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

							LAST	10 CALENE	AR YEA	RS (sched	ule to b	LAST 10 CALENDAR YEARS (schedule to be built prospectively from 2014)	ectively	from 2014)	ŀ			
Calendar year ending December 31,		2021		2020	ļ	2019	5	2018	2017	_	7	2016	2	2015	8	2014	2013	2012
Total Pension Liability																		
Service Cost	69	220,516	69	228,448	64	224,615	€9	179,185	\$	86,886	44	240,821	69	208,201	₩	235,054		
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		2,363,963		2,370,681		2,333,691	2	2,318,785	2,3	2,331,743		2,314,570	7	2,234,972	2,	2,109,609		
Benefit Changes		0	1940	0		0		0		0		0		0		0		
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		(48,565)	^	(37,780)		368,851		337,494	5	504,869		(214,774)		616,002	9(034)	139,024		
Assumption Changes		0	1220	(204,627)		0		736,512	6)	(761,797)	_	0		0	.1	1,138,977		
Benefit Payments and Refunds	1	(2,435,149)	~	(2,455,681)		(2,382,045)	(2	(2,263,936)	(2,1	(2,125,298)	9	(2,044,060)	٦	(1,984,300)	Ë	(1,891,157)		
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		100,765		(68,659)		545,112	-	1,308,040	Ŭ	(26,597)		296,557	_	1,074,875	-	1,731,507		
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		33,713,705		33,812,664		33,267,552	31	31,959,512	32,0	32,059,109	3	31,762,552	30	30,687,677	28,9	28,956,169		
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	69	33,814,470	\$	33,713,705	69	33,812,664	\$ 33	33,267,552	\$ 31,9	31,959,512	\$ 32	32,059,109	\$ 31	31,762,552	\$ 30,6	30,687,675	ĺ	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																		
Employer Contributions	S	103,134	65	183,339	55	40,470	60	177,666	\$ 2	202,868	6 A	273,509	S	325,404	*	442,904		
Employee Contributions		117,027	nezer	110,564		108,703		93,727		84,381		94,367		132,256		105,19		
Pension Plan Net Investment Income		6,915,910		5,435,425		6,374,681	(2	(2,365,486)	5,9	5,935,957	**	2,104,214		152,703	<u>~</u>	508,618,1		
Benefit Payments and Refunds		(2,435,149)	0	(2,455,681)		(2,382,045)	(2	(2,263,936)	(2,1	(2,125,298)	9	(2,044,060)	J	(1,984,300)	Ë	(1,891,157)		
Other		(637,457)		(340,144)		245,524		889,733	9)	(663,474)		506,944		704,141		329,556	ĺ	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		4,063,465) Naz	2,933,503		4,387,333	(3	(3,468,296)	3,4	3,434,434		934,974		(962,796)		792,609		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		38,856,004		35,922,501	7	31,535,168	35	35,003,464	31,5	31,569,030	3(30,634,056	31	31,303,852	30,	30,511,243	İ	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	65	42,919,469	٠,	38,856,004	60	35,922,501	\$ 31	31,535,168	\$ 35,0	35,003,464	\$ 3	31,569,030	\$ 30	30,634,056	\$ 31,	31,303,852		
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) -Ending (a)-(b)		(9,104,999)	The state of	(5,142,299)	N Product	(2,109,837)		1,732,384	(3,0	(3,043,952)		490,079		1,128,496		(616,175)		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage																		
of Total Pension Liability		126.93%	,0	115.25%		106.24%		94.79%	_	109.52%		98.47%		96.45%	10000	102.01%		
Covered Valuation Payroll	69	2,600,594	69	2,338,492	8	2,269,397	\$ 2	2,082,826	8.1.8	1,800,090	\$	2,018,517	\$	2,245,715	\$. 1.	1,892,045		
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage																		
of Covered Valuation Payroll		(350.11%)	•	(219.90%)		(92.97%)		83.17%	Ë	(169.10%)		24.28%		50.25%	_	(32.57)%		

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST 10 CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year Ending December 31,	De	ctuarially etermined ntribution		Actual ntribution	D	ntribution eficiency Excess)	3	Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Valuation Payroll
2014	\$	396,383		\$ 442,904	\$	(46,521)	\$	1,892,045	23.41%
2015		325,404		325,404		0		2,245,715	14.49%
2016		273,509		273,509		0		2,018,517	13.55%
2017		188,289		202,868		(14,579)		1,800,090	11.27%
2018		177,665		177,666		(1)		2,082,826	8.53%
2019		18,609		40,470		(21,861)		2,269,397	1.78%
2020		183,338		183,339		(1)		2,338,492	7.84%
2021		97,002	*	103,134		(6,132)		2,600,594	3.97%

^{*}Estimated based on contribution rate of 7.84% and covered valuation payroll of \$2,338,492. This number should be verified by the auditor.

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE 2021 CONTRIBUTION RATE

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December

31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the calendar

year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2021 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 22-year closed period Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years

selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 17 years for most employers (three employers were financed over 26 years; four employers were financed over 27 years and

one employer was financed over 28 years).

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth 3.25% Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.35% to 14.25% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, IMRF specific mortality rates were used with

fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, IMRF specific mortality rates were used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, IMRF specific mortality rates were used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current

IMRF experience.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

^{*}Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	OCL	C Grant	Marc of Quality Grant	Nor Sp Re	Fotal n-Major pecial evenue Fund
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,776		\$	3,776
Due from Other Funds	Φ	0,770		Ψ	0,770
Prepaid Expenses		1,011			1,011
Total Assets	\$	4,787	\$ 0	\$	4,787
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:		44.000.47 - 120.0140-2140-0	dan		
Accounts Payable	\$	1,705		\$	1,705
Due to Other Funds	700	3			3
Accrued Expenses		3,720			3,720
Total Liabilities	\$	5,428	\$ 0	\$	5,428
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	\$	1,011		\$	1,011
Unassigned		(1,652)			(1,652)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$	(641)	\$ 0	\$	(641)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,787	\$ 0	\$	4,787

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

REVENUES:	_00	CLC Grant	Marc of Quality Grant	Total Non-Major Special Revenue Funds
State Grants:				
Illinois State Library	\$	149,513		\$ 149,513
Total Revenues	\$	149,513	\$ 0	\$ 149,513
EXPENDITURES: General Library Services:				
Personnel Service	\$	125,617		\$ 125,617
Contractual Services		20,815	•	20,815
Supplies and Materials		6,690		6,690
Total Expenditures	\$	153,122	\$ 0	\$ 153,122
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(3,609)	\$ 0	\$ (3,609)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,968	0	2,968
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$	(641)	\$ 0	\$ (641)

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Bud	lget	
	Original	Final	Actual
REVENUES:	Sint Sint Sint Sint Sint Sint Sint Sint).
State Grants:			
Area and Per Capita - State Allotment	\$ 2,740,978	\$ 2,740,978	\$ 2,740,978
Area and Per Capita - Federal Pass Through	659,722	659,722	659,722
Fees for Services and Material	265,218	265,218	261,147
Reimbursements	4,118	4,118	15,694
Investment Income	1,763	1,763	11,706
Illinois State Library Grant		25,000	25,000
Other Revenue	29,107	29,107	17,163
Total Revenues	\$ 3,700,906	\$ 3,725,906	\$ 3,731,410
EXPENDITURES:			
General Library Services:			
Personnel			
Salaries and Wages	\$ 2,068,635	\$ 2,068,635	\$ 2,103,879
Payroll Taxes and Fringe Benefits	517,713	517,713	410,586
Recruiting	4,680	4,680	7,781
Training and Professional Development	17,509	17,509	1,972
Contractual Services	17,503	.,,,,,,	-,
Contractual Agreements	80,397	80,397	21,587
Travel, Meetings, and Continuing Education	00,577	00,577	21,007
for Staff and Board	69,737	69,737	4,637
Professional Services	30,875	30,875	34,222
Liability Insurance	17,949	17,949	18,397
Telephone and Telecommunications	34,768	34,768	25,164
Conferences and Continuing Education Meetings	32,350	32,350	24,983
Consulting Consulting	15,000	15,000	10,303
Professional Association Membership Dues	6,707	6,707	7,054
Public Relations	24,549	24,549	16,650
Supplies and Materials	21,517	21,517	10,020
Computer Supplies	49,900	49,900	37,369
General Office Supplies and Equipment	168,450	175,450	95,902
Postage	1,415	1,415	718
Delivery Supplies	14,375	24,375	15,000
Buildings and Grounds	253,826	259,826	246,370
Vehicle Expenses	481,636	481,636	421,012
Miscellaneous	10,218	12,218	52,040
Equipment Rental, Repair, and Maintenance	5,532	5,532	5,291
Member Library Reimbursement Expense	0,000	2,222	2,575
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,906,221	\$ 3,931,221	\$ 3,563,492
State and the state of the stat			
EXECESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (205,315)	\$ (205,315)	\$ 167,918
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		E4	THE TRANSPORT OF STREET
Transfers Out	\$ (300,000)	\$ (300,000)	\$ (292,935)
Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets			4,811
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (300,000)	\$ (300,000)	\$ (288,124)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (505,315)	\$ (505,315)	\$ (120,206)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			5,159,466
			\$ 5,039,260
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			5,059,200

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CMC GRANT FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Buc	iget			
	(Original	The same	Final		Actual
REVENUES:						
State Grants:						
Illinois State Library	\$	405,697	\$	405,697	\$	405,697
Other Revenue			Welling the second		September 1	235
Total Revenues	\$	405,697	_\$_	405,697	\$	405,932
EXPENDITURES:						
General Library Services:						
Personnel	\$	355,988	\$	355,988	\$	359,921
Contractual Services						
Contractual Agreements		40,581		40,581		36,897
Travel, Meetings, and Continuing Education						
for Staff and Board		1,000		1,000		2,387
Professional Services						3,979
Professional Association Membership Dues		945		945		595
Telephone and Telecommunications		3,011		3,011		2,875
Conferences and Continuing Education Meetings						
Public Relations						1,219
Supplies and Materials						
Computer Supplies		2,400		2,400		2,835
Supplies, Postage and Printing		200		200		391
Vehicle Expenses						203
Equipment Rental, Repair, and Maintenance		1,572		1,572		1,517
Total Expenditures	\$	405,697	\$	405,697	\$	412,819
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers In	\$	0	\$	00	\$	22,304
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	22,304
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	0	\$	0	\$	15,417
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR					(<u>a. 1857)</u>	10,786
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	26,203

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

OCLC GRANT FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Buc	dget		6		
	Original		Final	er an a	Actual	
REVENUES:			A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH			
State Grants:						
Illinois State Library	\$ 149,513	\$	149,513	\$	149,513	
Total Revenues	\$ 149,513	\$	149,513	_\$	149,513	
EXPENDITURES:						
General Library Services:						
Personnel	\$ 123,770	\$	123,770	\$	125,617	
Contractual Services						
Contractual Agreements	16,702		16,702		13,609	
Professional Services	1,475		1,475		4,498	
Telephone & Telecommunication	2,841		2,841		2,708	
Supplies and Materials						
Computer Supplies					2,998	
Equipment Rental, Repair, and Maintenance	3,200		3,200		2,717	
Supplies, Postage and Printing	1,525		1,525		975	
Total Expenditures	\$ 149,513	\$	149,513	\$	153,122	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	(3,609)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR					2,968	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR				\$	(641)	

<u>ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -</u>

BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Bu	dget			
	Original		Final		Actual
REVENUES:				-	
Investment Income	\$ 2,164	\$	2,164	\$	4,432
Total Revenues	\$ 2,164	\$	2,164	\$	4,432
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital Outlay	\$ 238,000	\$	297,000	\$	250,169
Total Expenditures	\$ 238,000	\$	297,000	\$	250,169
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	3			
Transfers Out				\$	(7,065)
Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets					7,065
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (235,836)	\$	(294,836)	\$	(245,737)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		•			1,662,667
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR				_\$	1,416,930

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULT

Financial Statements

- The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of Illinois Heartland Library System.
- A significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements of Illinois Heartland Library System. This significant deficiency is not considered to be a material weakness. See Finding 2022-1.
- 3) Two issues of noncompliance material to the basic financial statements of Illinois Heartland Library System which would be required to be reported in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards was disclosed during the audit. See compliance findings 2022-2 and 2022-3.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Finding 2022-1 - Internal Control over Financial Statements

Statement of Condition – The System does not prepare their own set of annual financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Criteria – An Organization is considered to have a deficiency when it does not have the personnel or staff with sufficient training or expertise to prepare the System's financial statements and relies on the auditor to assist in the preparation of the annual financial statements.

Effect of Condition – Management may not be able to reasonably determine that a material misstatement exists nor allow them to prevent, detect, nor correct one on a timely basis.

Cause of Condition - The System does not have personnel or staff with sufficient training or expertise to ensure the System's annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Recommendation – The System should consider the costs and benefits of hiring additional expertise or training existing accounting staff to ensure the System's annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – We believe our accounting staff maintains adequate books and records of the System's transactions. Additionally, we do not believe it is cost beneficial to hire additional accounting expertise to ensure the System's annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting standards discussed above.

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Compliance and Other Matters

2022-02

Condition: The System had several individuals who failed to timely file an economic interest state pursuant to the Illinois Government Ethics Act [5 ILCS 420/4A-101]. Out of 36 qualified individuals, 3 had not timely filed by the May 1st deadline.

Recommendation: The System should check with the County to see that all qualifying persons file economic interest statements timely to ensure compliance with the Illinois Government Ethics Act [5 ILCS 420/4A-101].

View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Management has agreed with the recommendation and will have personnel follow up more diligently with the County Clerk in the future to verify that all qualified persons have filed in a timely manner.

2022-03

Condition: As of fiscal year end, the System had one fund (CMC Grant Fund) that had expenditures in excess of its approved budget.

Recommendation: The System should adopt a reasonable budget and amend the budget as necessary in order to stay compliant.

View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Management understands the importance of spending within its legal budgetary authority. The amounts over budget are due to payroll accruals related to employees transitioning from one program to a new program. In the future, management will take these potential adjustments into consideration.

ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Finding 2021-1 - Internal Control over Financial Statements

Statement of Condition – The System does not prepare their own set of annual financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Criteria – An Organization is considered to have a deficiency when it does not have the personnel or staff with sufficient training or expertise to prepare the System's financial statements and relies on the auditor to assist in the preparation of the annual financial statements.

Effect of Condition – Management may not be able to reasonably determine that a material misstatement exists nor allow them to prevent, detect, nor correct one on a timely basis.

Cause of Condition – The System does not have personnel or staff with sufficient training or expertise to ensure the System's annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Recommendation – The System should consider the costs and benefits of hiring additional expertise or training existing accounting staff to ensure the System's annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – We believe our accounting staff maintains adequate books and records of the System's transactions. Additionally, we do not believe it is cost beneficial to hire additional accounting expertise to ensure the System's annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting standards discussed above.



August 30, 2022

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Illinois State Library

The Illinois Heartland Library System respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm:

Scheffel Boyle 322 State Street Alton, IL 62002

Audit Period: For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The findings from the June 30, 2022, schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Significant Deficiency

2022-1

Condition: Illinois Heartland Library System relies on its auditors for the preparation of the System's financial statements, and related disclosures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Recommendation: The System should consider the costs and benefits of hiring additional expertise or training accounting staff to ensure the System's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Management has considered the recommendation but feels that the accounting staff maintains adequate books and records of the System's transactions. Additionally, management does not believe that it is cost beneficial to hire additional accounting expertise to ensure the System's annual financial are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Compliance and Other Matters

2022-02

Condition: The System had several individuals who failed to timely file an economic interest state pursuant to the Illinois Government Ethics Act [5 ILCS 420/4A-101]. Out of 36 qualified individuals, 3 had not timely filed by the May 1st deadline.

Recommendation: The System should check with the County to see that all qualifying persons file economic interest statements timely to ensure compliance with the Illinois Government Ethics Act [5 ILCS 420/4A-101].

View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Management has agreed with the recommendation and will have personnel follow up more diligently with the County Clerk in the future to verify that all qualified persons have filed in a timely manner.

2022-03

Condition: As of fiscal year end, the System had one fund (CMC Grant Fund) that had expenditures in excess of its approved budget.

Recommendation: The System should adopt a reasonable budget and amend the budget as necessary in order to stay compliant.

View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Management understands the importance of spending within its legal budgetary authority. The amounts over budget are due to payroll accruals related to employees transitioning from one program to a new program. In the future, management will take these potential adjustments into consideration.

If the Illinois State Library has any questions regarding this plan, contact Leslie Bednar at 618-474-9774.

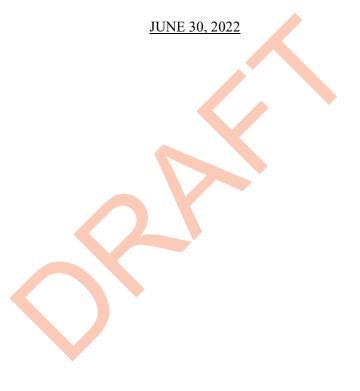
Sincerely yours,

estia M Radner Evacutiva Director

Rhonda Johnisee, Finance Director

$\underline{\mathsf{ILLINOIS}}\ \mathsf{HEARTLAND}\ \mathsf{LIBRARY}\ \mathsf{SYSTEM}$

AGREED UPON PROCEDURES



ILLINOIS HEARTLAND LIBRARY SYSTEM AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Our engagement consisted of performing the following agreed-upon procedures:

1. Examine bank reconciliations and bank statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 and trace the book balances to the financial statements and/or trial balance.

No exceptions were found as a result of performing this procedure.

2. Confirm the June 30, 2022 bank balances with the financial institutions.

No exceptions were found as a result of performing this procedure.

3. Select a sample of disbursements which comprises at least 25% of the total dollar value of disbursements for the year ended June 30, 2022, and examine the cancelled check and invoice or other supporting documentation for each such disbursement selected. Verify that each disbursement is a valid disbursement of OCLC activity.

No exceptions were found as a result of performing this procedure.

4. Select a sample of receipts, which comprises at least 25% of the total dollar value of receipts for the year ended June 30, 2022, and trace each receipt to a deposit slip and corresponding bank statement and examine any supporting documentation accompanying the receipt (e.g. letter, check stub, copy of check, etc.) noting agreement.

No exceptions were found as a result of performing this procedure.

5. Trace the receipts and disbursements tested to the ledger.

No exceptions were found as a result of performing this procedure.